

## BY THE SOUTHERN MAIL.

**Plain Bank.**

From the Newark Advertiser.

The Receivers of the Plain Bank yesterday addressed to and caused to be served personally on Messrs. M. Y. Beach & Sons of New York, a communication of which the following is a copy:

NEWARK, January 10, 1845.

GENTLEMEN.—We have received several communications in the plain Bank, one of which you will find enclosed herewith, in which you will see that you have repeatedly offered to put into our hands gold and silver sufficient to redeem all the liabilities of the Bank. While we feel obliged to say that no such offer has ever been made to us, and that we have therefore done nothing to warrant your making as you do, or expect for popular effect, yet the same have made us so often requested that we now deem it expedient, in order to ascertain whether you are in any wise sincere in the proposition made, to say, that if you will furnish us a communication in writing, to the effect that you are ready to pay to the State of New Jersey, or to any person or persons to whom the law of the land may give title, the sum of \$100,000, we will at once set the matter before the Chancellor, and apply to him for an order referring the whole matter to one of the Masters of the Court, where the liabilities of the Bank may be ascertained, and the amount of the sum required may be settled; and upon the report of the Master, we will then proceed to the payment of said liabilities being satisfied, the Court will undoubtedly make an order for the delivery of all the assets of every description now in the hands or subject to the control of the Receivers, and discharging them from all further obligations or liabilities on account of the same.

If you will fit to agree to this course, we shall do everything in our power to facilitate the proceedings, and to bring the matter to a close as speedily as possible.

We are advised by our counsel, that we are not authorized without the advice of the Court of Chancery to make any arrangement with the Receivers, and that any agreement in the newspaper referred to, can we tell the account of the liabilities of the Bank, until they are judicially ascertained by or under the direction of the Court.

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The President of the Court said he had observed Gen. Kearny look toward Col. Fremont during the trial, and on the occasions referred to, but did not consider it an expression of countenance on the part of the General, but still his eyes often met mine, and I looked at him more frequently than he did at me.

"As to this Court, I decline any intention to disturb its order, endeavoring to do the highest respect for this Court."

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"The number of three having arrived, the President gave the order for the adjournment of the Court.

Gen. Kearny rose and said: "I wish in the presence of the Court to say that I have never offered the slightest compliment to Col. Fremont, either here as a prisoner or in any other circumstances whatever."

The Court adjourned to meet again on Monday at 10 o'clock.

JANUARY 10, \* \* \*

"The President of the Court then rose and read the following:

"The recollections and impressions of the members of the bar confirm these of the President, as expressed on the 13th instant, to the effect that the witness on the stand considered the act avowed by the counsel, of attempting to drown a witness before it improper and indecent; but as it did not come to the notice of the President, and the Court, far from settling it, will take no notice of the inquiry for the continuance. Sales 300 copies."

Mr. J. A. BROOKER—House and lot 44 Davy St., 33rd street, house of brick, and lot 42 Trinity place, \$1,000. Sale of lease of house and lot 44 Trinity place, \$1,000.

Markets.—Carefully reported for The Tribune. WEDNESDAY, January 12.

COTTON.—The market is languid for Flax and seeds, but there is a demand for Linen, and the market is steady.

PRINTING.—The demand is moderate to day and the market is not pressed on the market.

The spinners are buying to a small extent, and there is also an inquiry for the continuance. Sales 300 copies.

Statement of Brokers, Experts and Stock of Cotton, of the following firms in cotton:

Closed from

Total Rec'd 3 Stock Stock

Exports since on my bld  
Stock since on my bld  
Stock since on my bld

New-Orleans Jan 1 100,000 100,000 100,000

Mobile, Dec. 25 20,000 20,000 20,000

Florida, Dec. 30 100,000 100,000 100,000

Georgia, (Savannah and  
Darien) Dec. 31 7,000 7,000 7,000

North Carolina, Jan 1 32,100 32,100 32,100

Virginia, Jan 1 2,000 2,000 2,000

New-York, Jan 1 20,000 20,000 20,000

Other ports, Jan 1 3,000 3,000 3,000

Total to port of ports, bales 249,304 277,000 294,100 197,664

Same time last year 260,000 260,000 260,000 197,216

Stocks of Cotton in the Interior Tennesse 1845.

Appalachian, Hamburg, Dec. 31 100,000

Colombia, Dec. 10 100,000

Savannah, Dec. 11 100,000

Charleston, Dec. 12 100,000

Memphis, Tenn. Nov. 18 10,000

Port of Cotton from the Port of New-York from Sept. 1, 1845, to Jan. 11, 1846.

To Great Britain 25,200 Total 25,200

To France 10,000 Total 10,000

To North of Europe, 18,000 Total 18,000

(Shipping List)

All entries to advertisements sent by mail must be post-paid, or they will not be taken out of the Office.

WEDNESDAY, F. M.

The Stock market had a downward tendency for the fancies. Some stocks also were not firm. Treasury Notes went to 90, which is due. Government Sixes paid off. After the Board was a little better feeling. The transactions were to greater extent than a day or two back.

Bills there is not much movement, but rates are firm at 10/11 for first class Sterling; 2 1/2% for France.

The movement of bills is still going on, and before steamer day there must be a considerable amount of bills in the market.

There is still much activity in produce and the engagements to-day are 7,000 or 8,000 bales. Flax at 18d and 4,000 to 5,000 bushels Corn and Wheat at 10d.

The doce, shipper were firm at 2d for flour and 7d for grain. Some heavy freight were taken at 20d/s and to London 5d.

Money on call is easier to-day, and Treasury Notes in circulation were made at 9 1/2 per cent, and nominally at 9 1/2.

The Committee of Ways and Means are in correspondence with the leading men of the country for the purpose of collecting information in regard to the method of obtaining the money which will be given by the Government. An issue of Treasury Notes will be made to-day, and the Committee of the House will be called to order at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

THE COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS.

The Message of the 1st Inst. states that we are free from the financial and economic policy hitherto pursued and the State with such sources of permanent revenue as to render taxation, for State purposes unnecessary.

The finances are in a prosperous condition. The receipts in the Treasury have been—\$154,711.84

Expenditures ..... 172,307.66

Balance in the Treasury ..... 312,314.74

Leased during the year ..... 342,000.00

Of which have been paid ..... 5,000.00

To the State ..... 337,000.00

To-day there is in Treasury, without referring to permanent funds ..... 32,885.66

Leaving a balance of only ..... \$3,114.84

To School Fund has not varied from the last statements the State Finance affairs are noticed. The additional wing has been built; means for the reformation of prisoners are needed. The Edifice Asylum is completed and occupied.

The Governor recommends that the Attorney-General be directed to institute legal proceedings against the New-Hope and Delaware Bridge Co.

Under the regulation from the War Department in April, 1845, the expenses were reduced, which will be of great service to the Mexican Line.

The Judge Advocate, it is said, deserves encouragement and support.

There are 16 Deaf-and-Dumb and 11 Blind beneficiaries in the New-York and Pennsylvania institutions from this State.

Mr. Styrker, it is said, has discharged the duties of Treasurer satisfactorily since the death of that officer.

The Governor also recommends to attention the Literary Exchanges of Mr. Vattelot, from whom valuable books have been received.

Two Steamboats and Two Schooners Burned.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 12—11 A. M.

The steamboats Jewell and Walcott, and two schooners, were totally destroyed by fire last night, while lying at the wharves. The Jewell was bound for New-Orleans and a small boat. She was about seaworthy with the great Southern seas when the occurrence transpired.

The boats were saved, but of course did not go forward.

There has been some difficulty in getting the boats to New-Orleans.

For New-York—\$1,000 Williamson Hill, 78; 9,000 Tr. Niles, 100; 9,000 Puffin, Int. 70; 1,000 Schuyler Nav. 55; 30.

Speed—Schooner 100, Box 3; 5,000 Chees and Del. Canal Lash, 75; 100 Morris Canal, 54.

THE MEXICO.—We should not be surprised to hear of the capture of San Luis and Zacaicos by two columns of our Army, under special instructions from the War Department. We understand that expeditions were about to be organized for this purpose when the last official letter left Washington. We have no information of the progress of the campaign, written even before these letters were received, the effect will be to deal another heavy blow at the enemy, by cutting him off from his water resources.

(Wash. Union.)

Quarrel between Benton and Kearny.

A copy from the National Intelligencer such portions of the report of the Fremont Trial as is necessary to show the grounds of the quarrel between Benton and Kearny.

January 8.—Col. Fremont made an application to the Court on the points on which he had been contradicted by Gen. Kearny in the examination by the Court.

This application was ordered to be cleared.

Gen. Kearny said: "Mr. President: Before the Court and I what to make a statement."

Gen. Kearny said: "I consider it due to the dignity of the Court, and the high respect that I entertain for it, that I should state that, in the opinion before me, the trial of Col. Fremont, on the points on which he had been contradicted by Gen. Kearny in the examination by the Court, and I what to make a statement."

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